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(54) **DUAL FUNCTION SHELF UNIT**

(71) Applicant: **Edsal Manufacturing Company, Inc.**,
Chicago, IL (US)

(72) Inventors: **Anthony J. Troyner**, Shorewood, IL
(US); **Antonio Luis Escalante**,
Chicago, IL (US); **David J. Wojtowicz**,
Orland Park, IL (US); **Mitch Liss**,
Northbrook, IL (US)

(73) Assignee: **Edsal Manufacturing Company, Inc.**,
Chicago, IL (US)

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25, 2014, now Pat. No. 9,033,164, which is a division
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248/174, 200, 220.31, 224.51, 225.11;
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See application file for complete search history.

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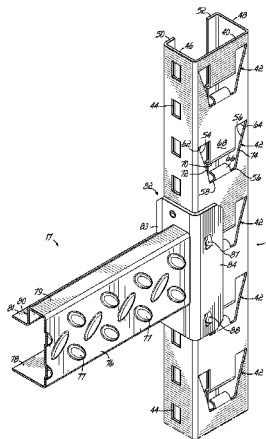
Primary Examiner — Jennifer E Novosad

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Wood Herron & Evans
LLP

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A dual function shelf unit has identical support columns,
horizontal shelf-supporting beams adjustably-mounted on
the columns for vertical shelf adjustment and one or more
hooks also mountable on at least one column. The columns
have apertures with complementary apertures having
opposed inclined edges for accepting a beam-end bracket
from either side of the column and tabs for accepting
mounting flanges of hooks. Both beam-end brackets and
hooks are each mounted in two vertically-spaced apertures.
Vertically adjustable shelf and hook storage is provided.

6 Claims, 11 Drawing Sheets



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- (52) **U.S. Cl.**
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5/0807 (2013.01)
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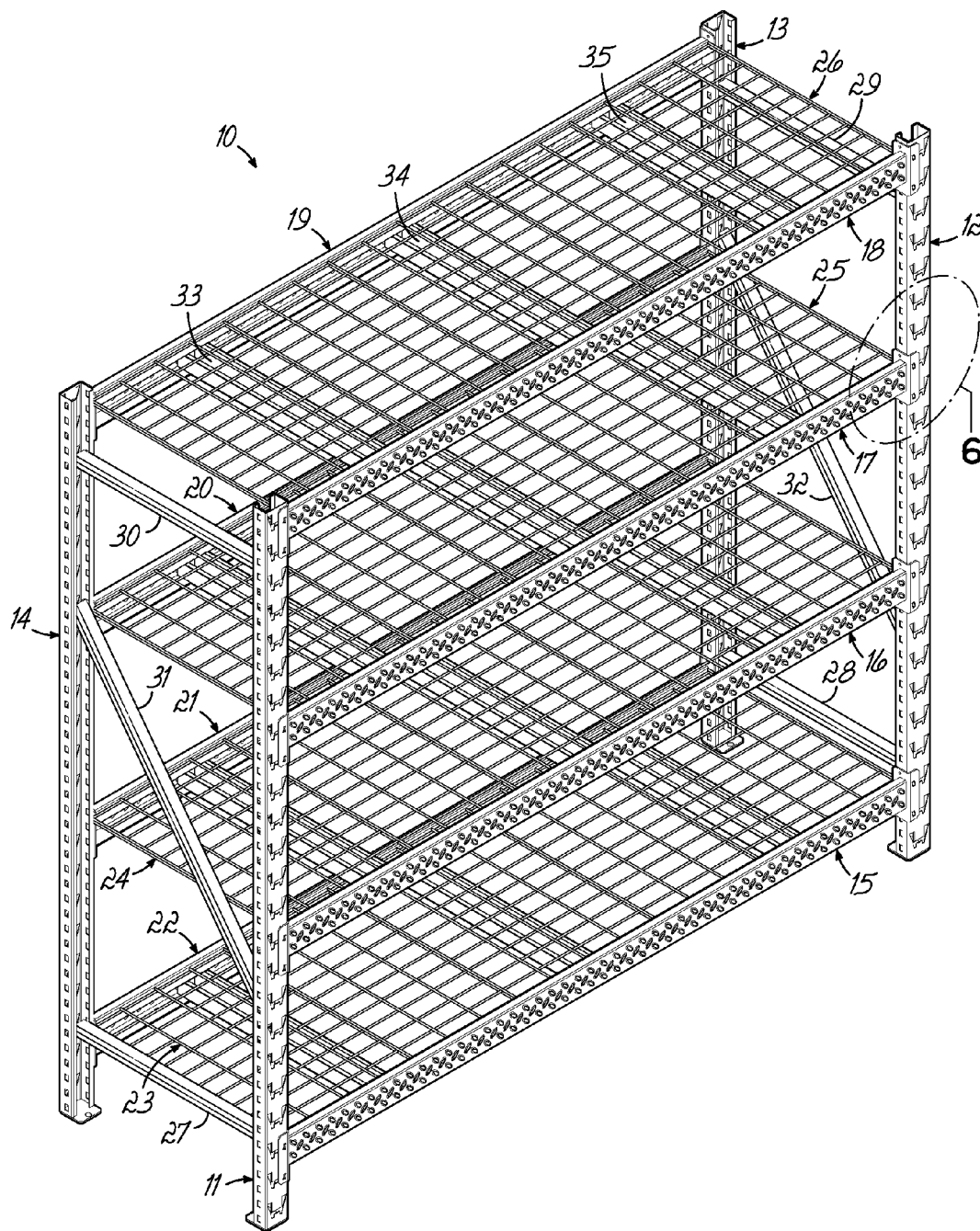


FIG. 1

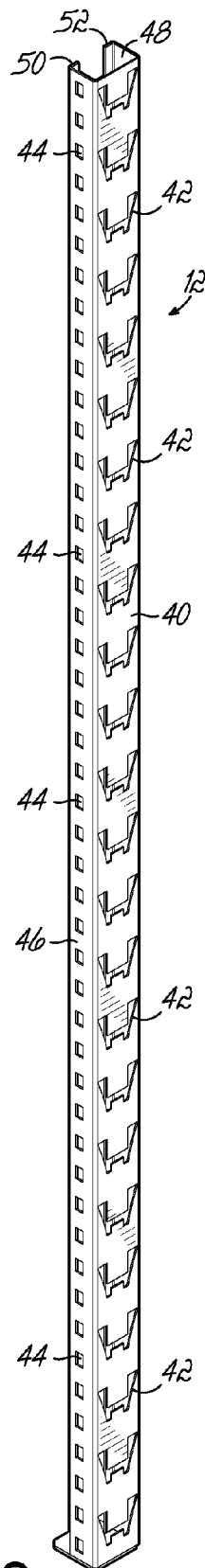


FIG. 2

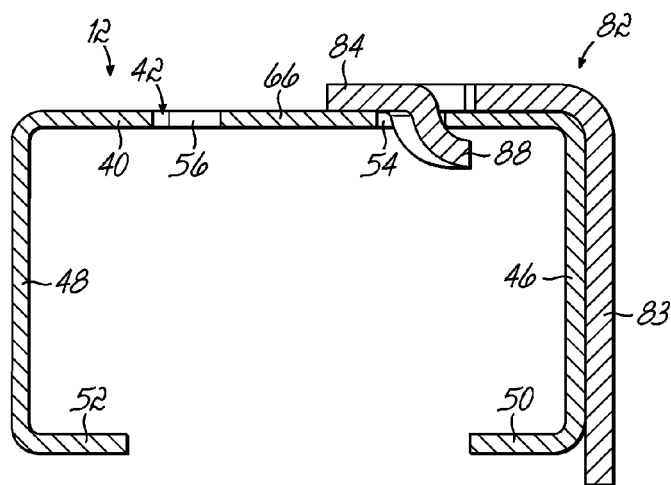


FIG. 9

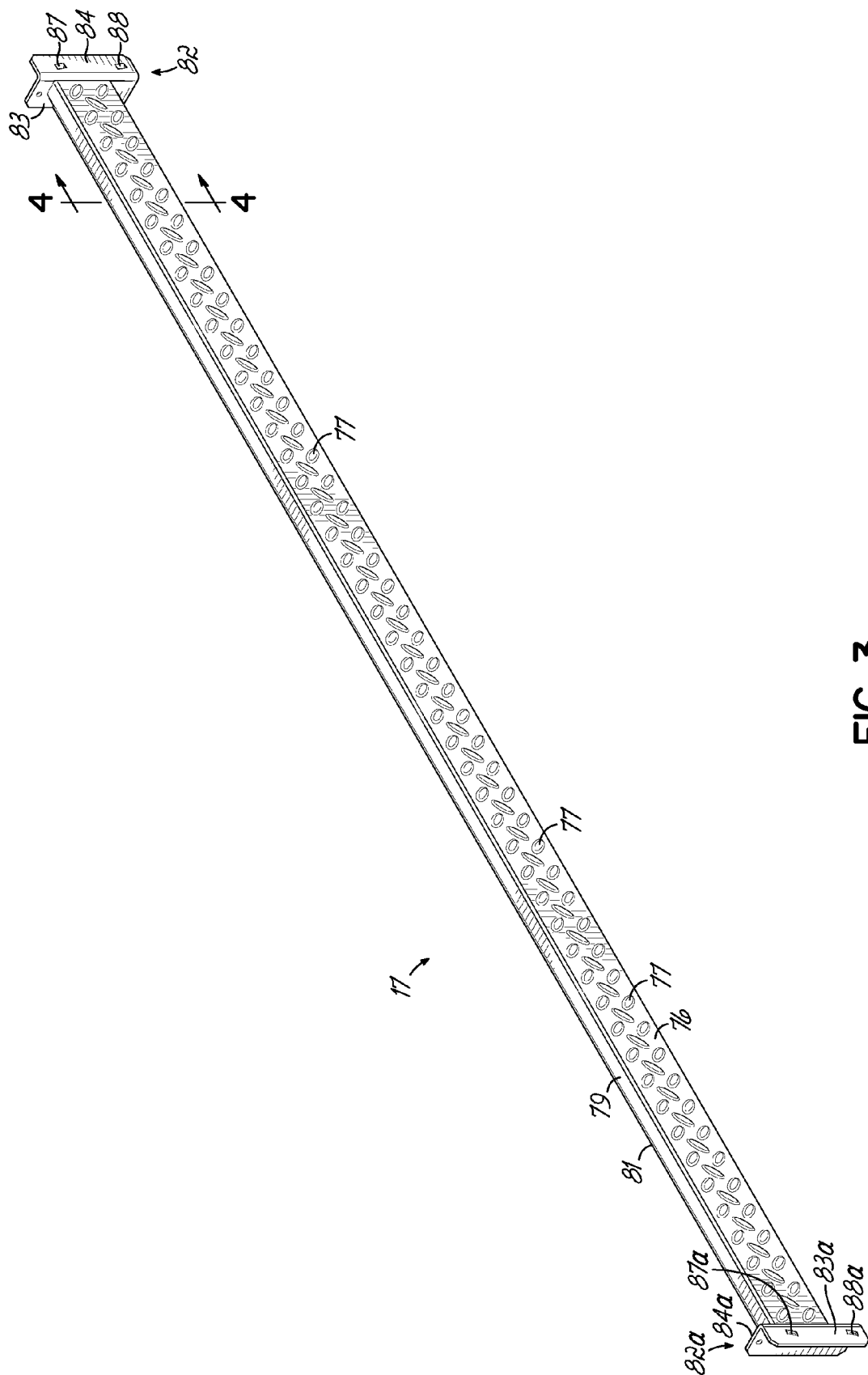


FIG. 3

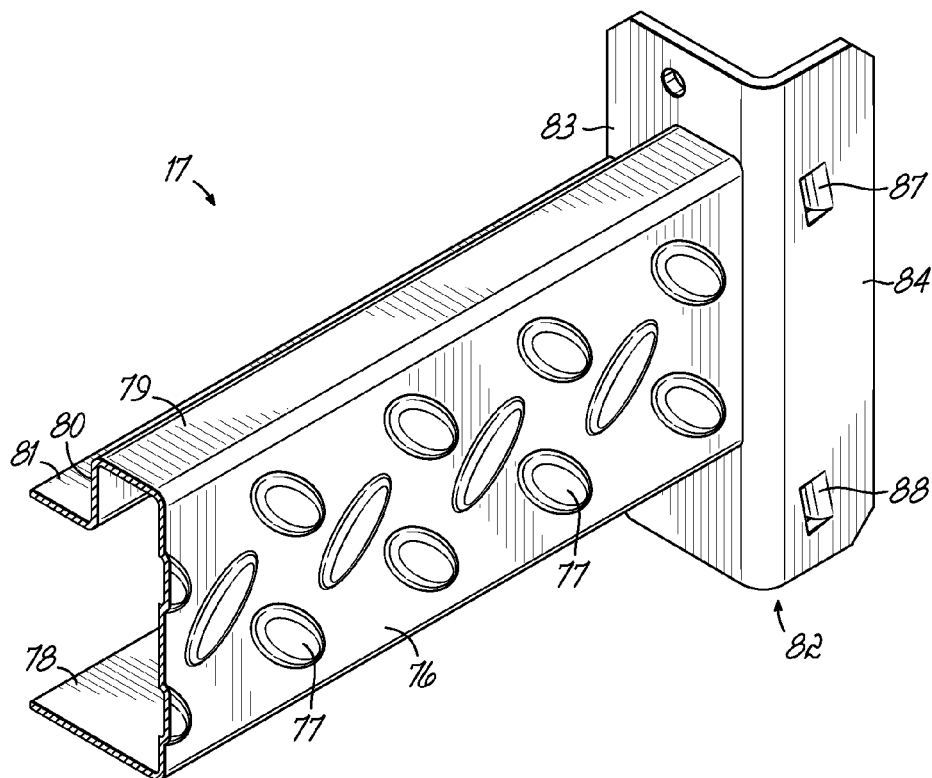


FIG. 4

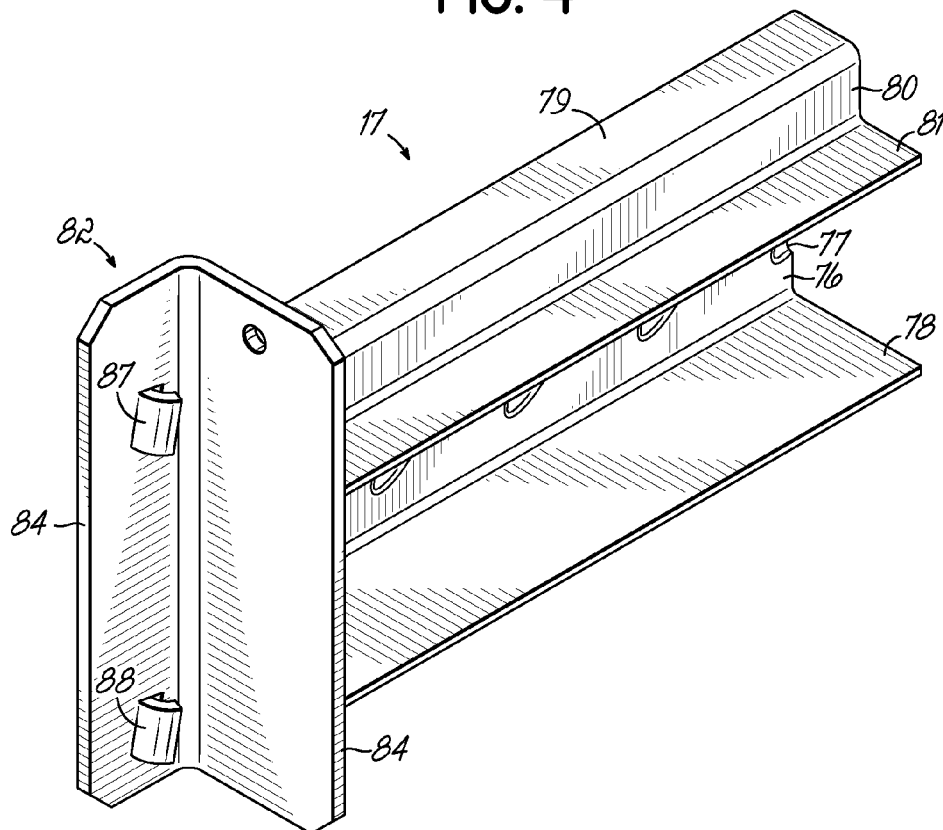


FIG. 5

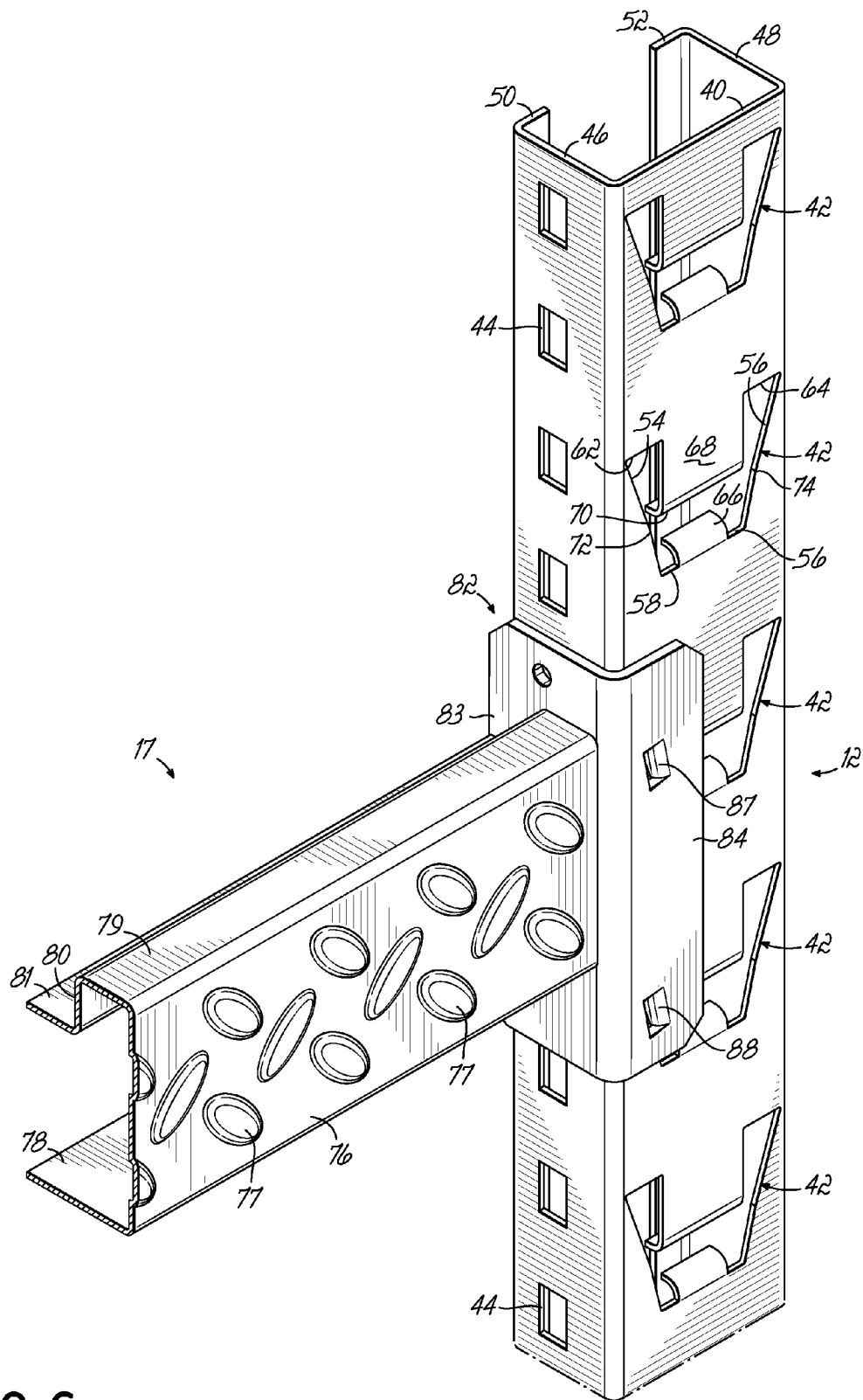


FIG. 6

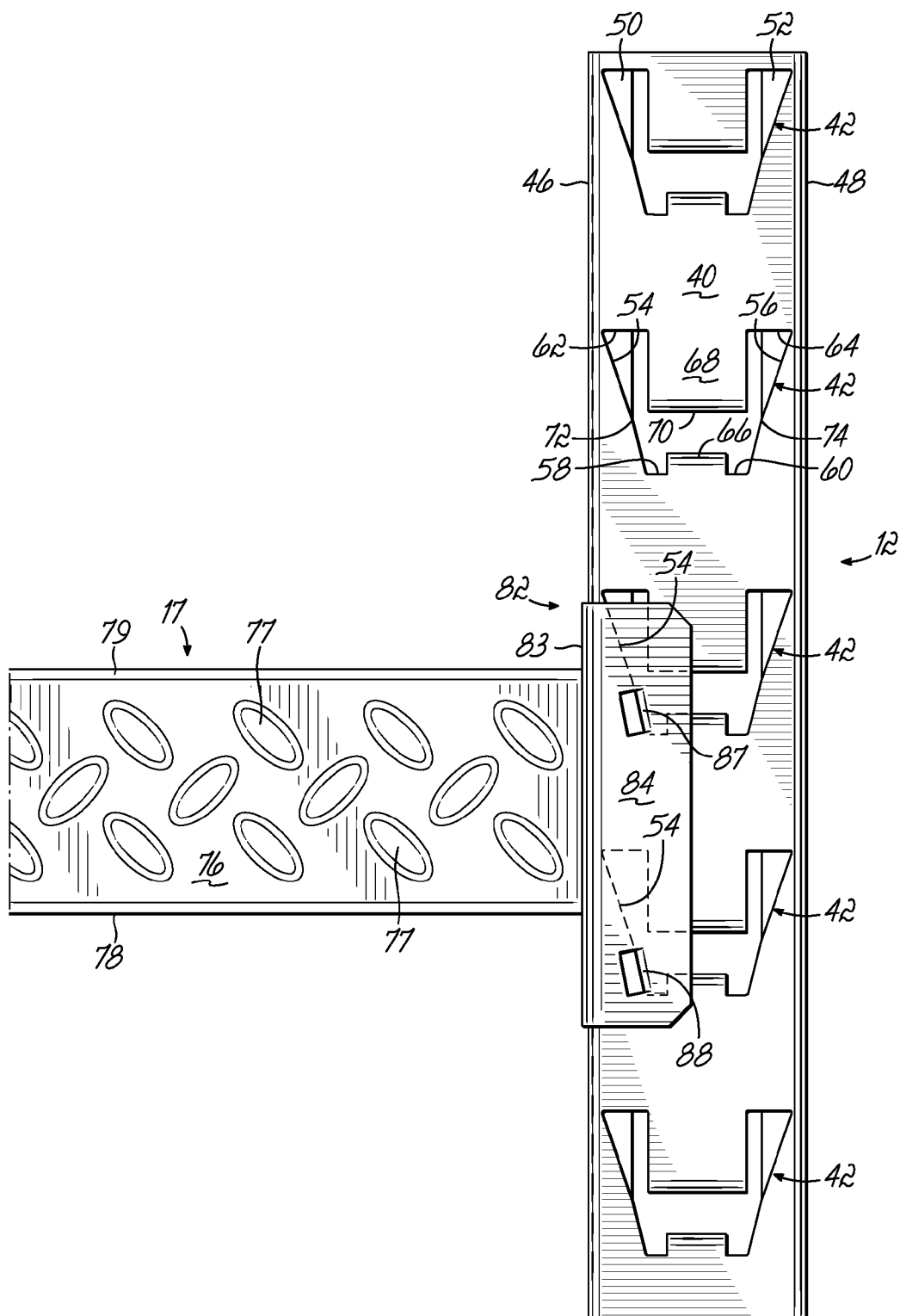


FIG. 7

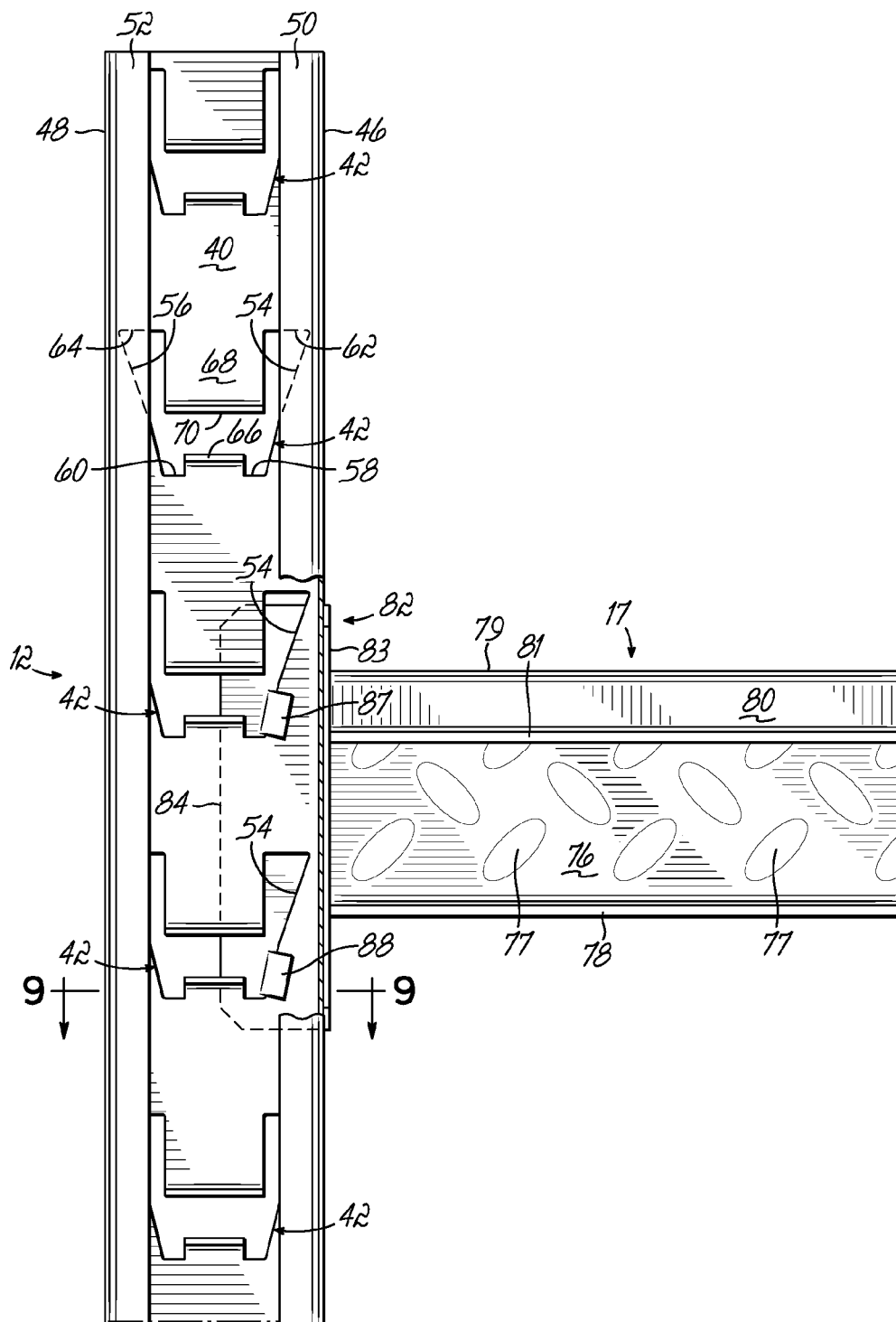


FIG. 8

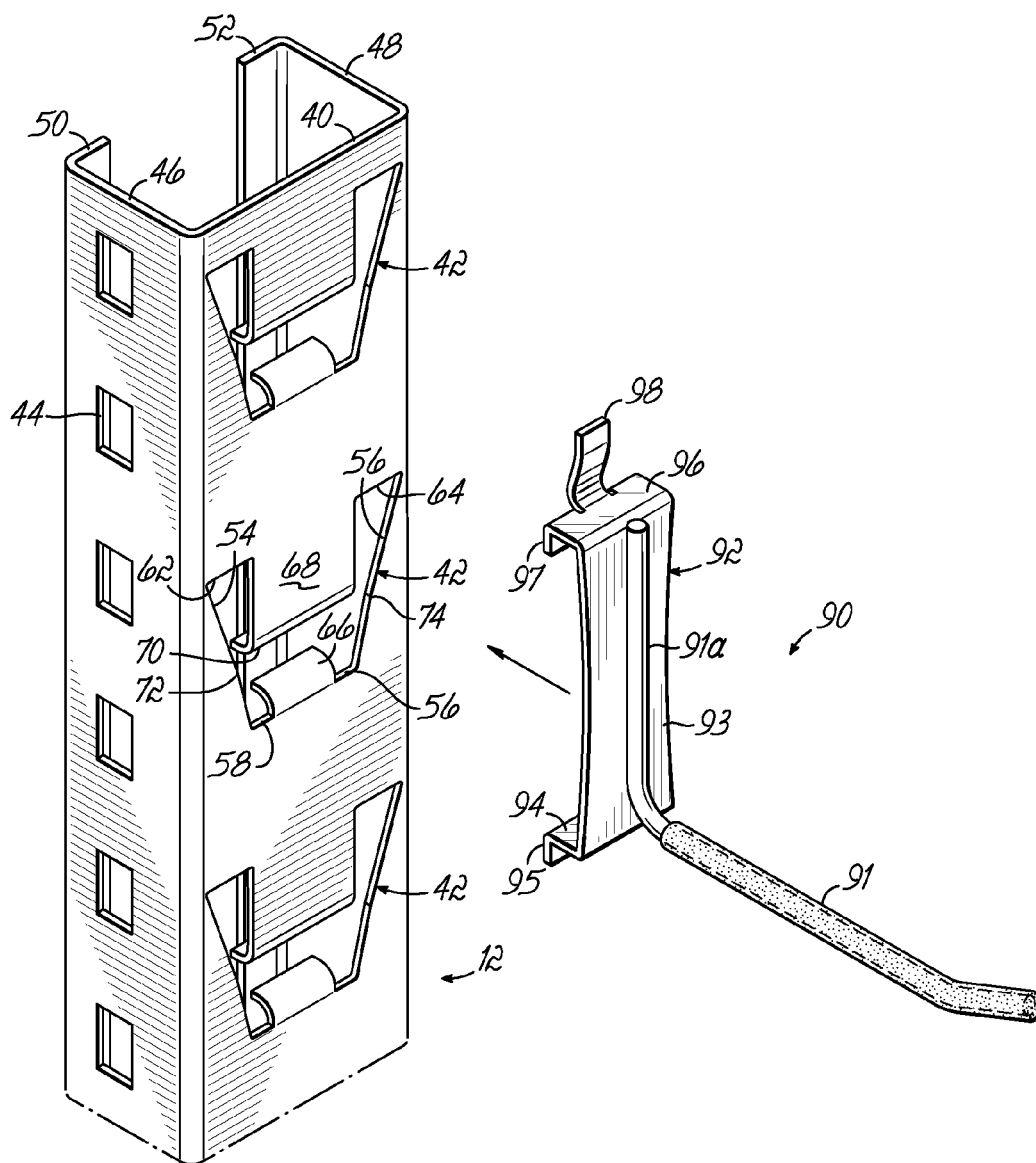


FIG. 10

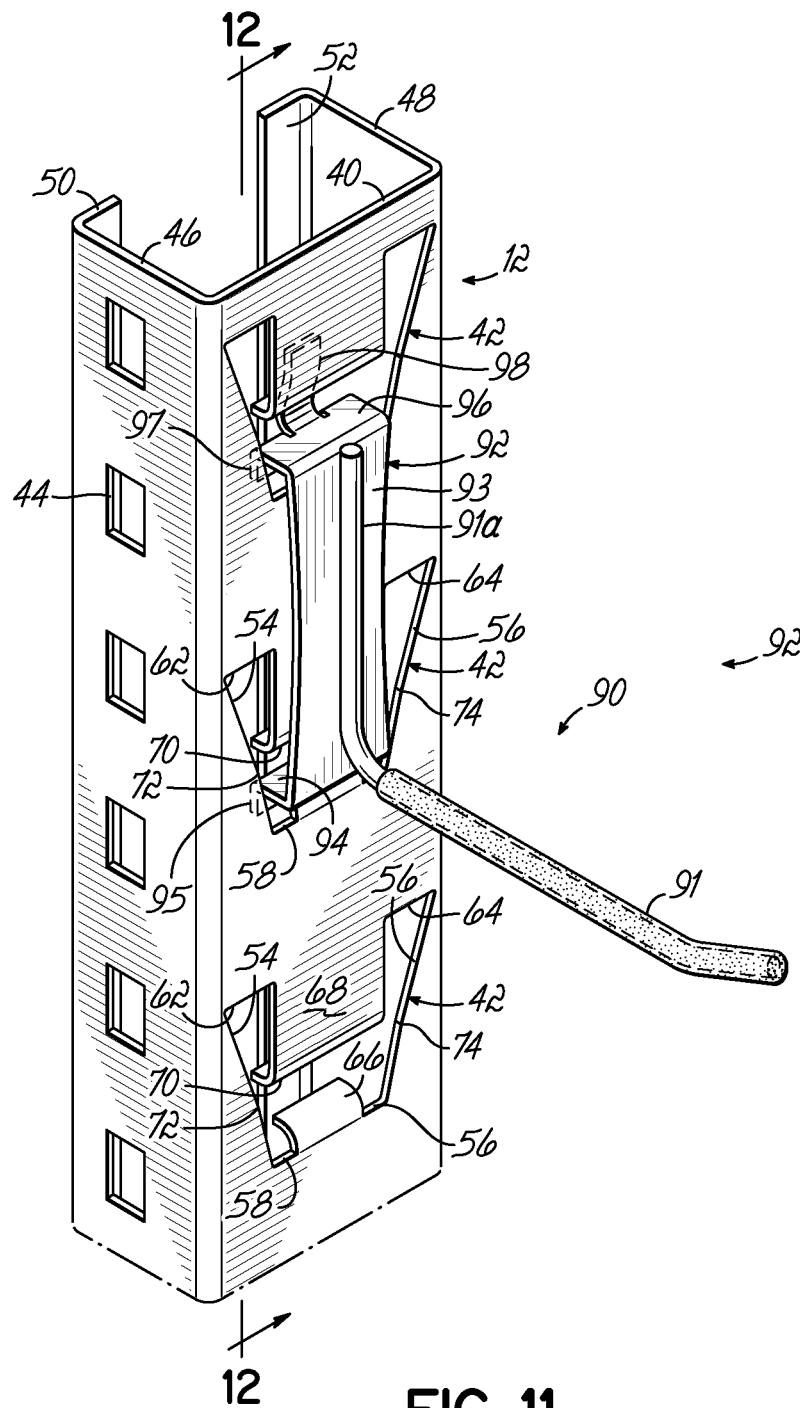


FIG. 11

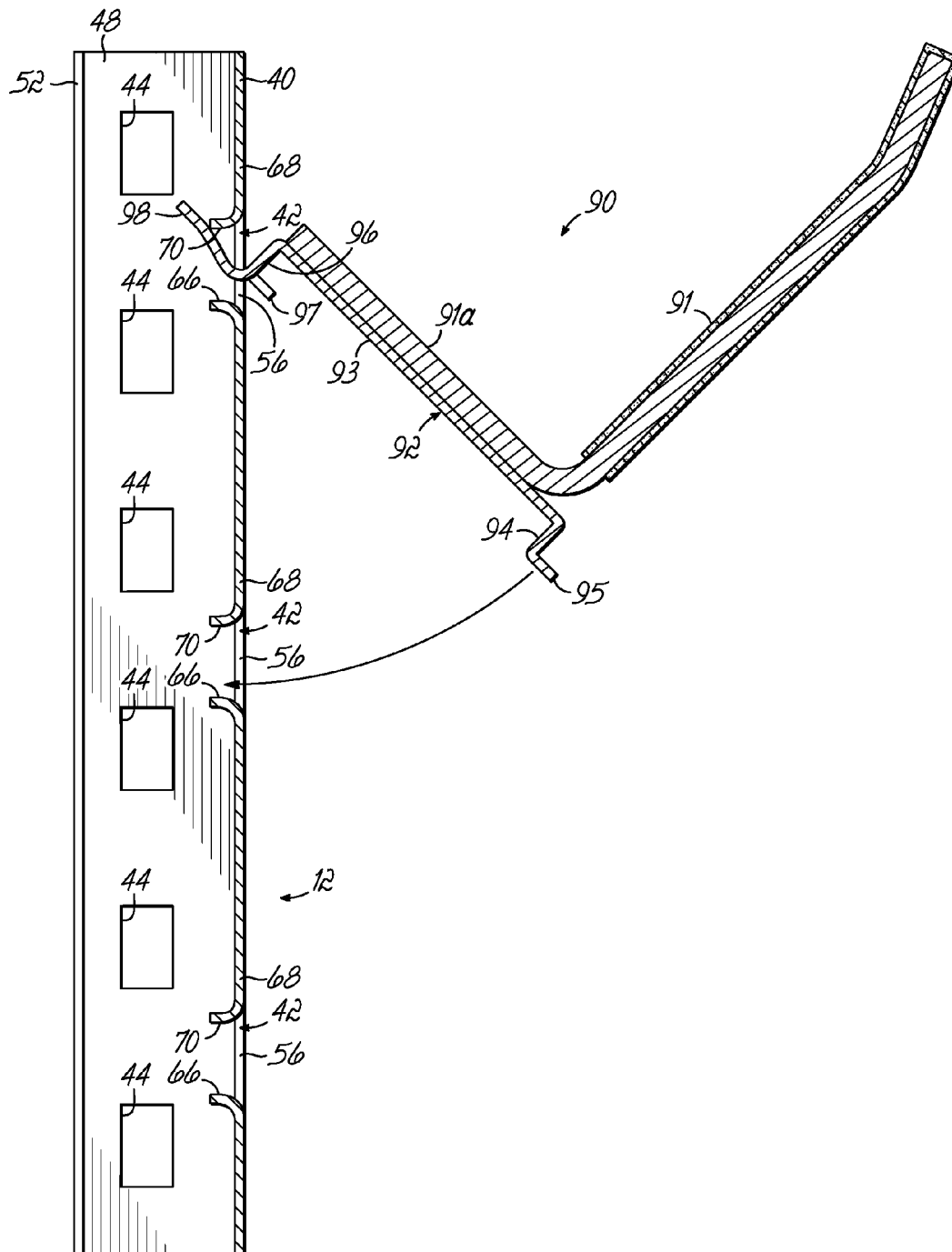


FIG. 12

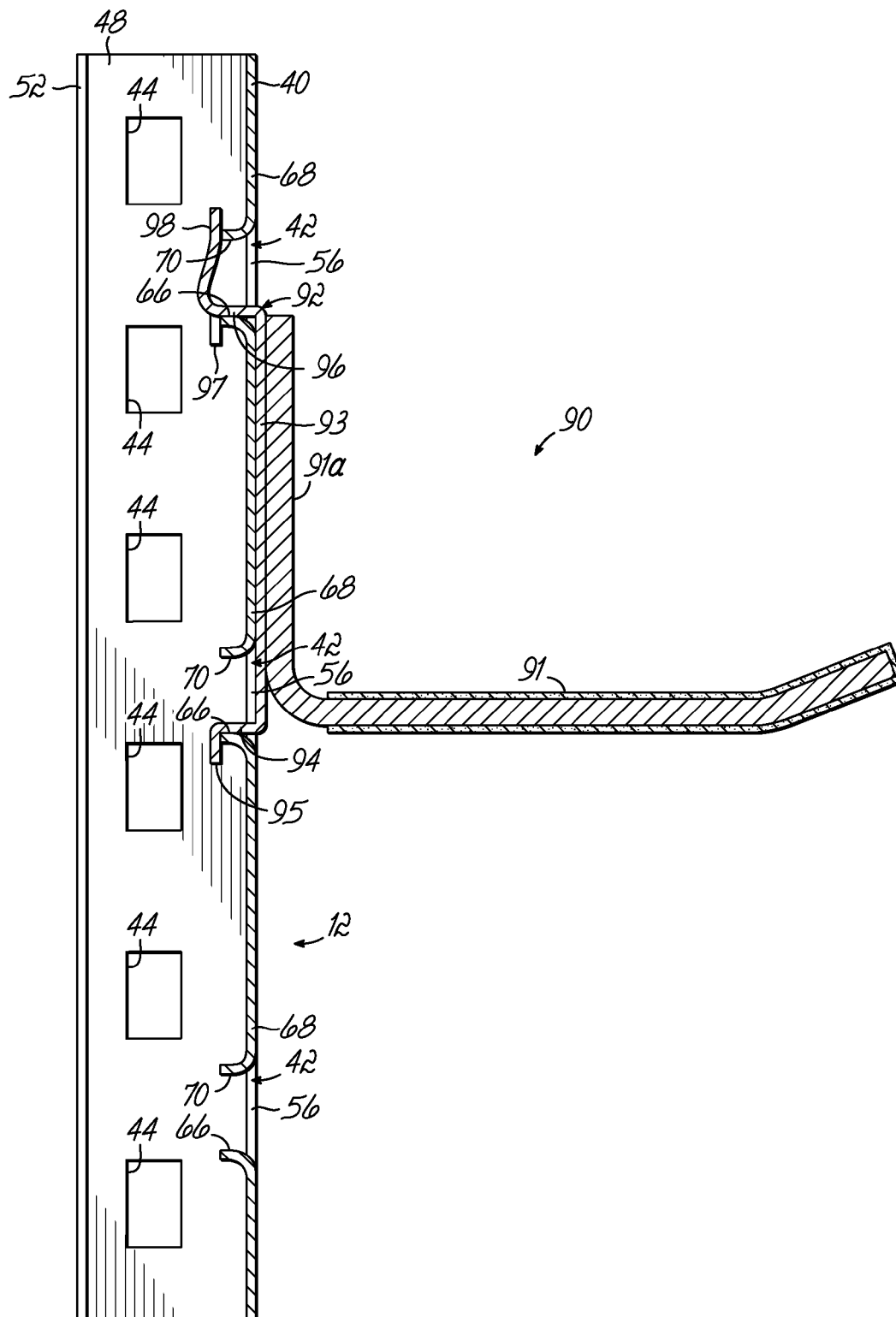


FIG. 13

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DUAL FUNCTION SHELF UNIT

This application is a divisional application of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 14/189,230 filed Feb. 25, 2014, now allowed, and issued on May 19, 2015 as U.S. Pat. No. 9,033,164, which was a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/280,646, filed Oct. 25, 2011, now U.S. Pat. No. 8,695,816 issued Apr. 15, 2014, both of which applications are expressly incorporated herein.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to steel shelving and more particularly to a steel shelving unit providing both adjustable shelving as well as accessory functions for holding items other than on a shelf.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Steel shelving units comprising horizontal shelf-supporting beams with ends adjustably connected to vertical support columns for shelf height adjustment are known. While such units are very useful, it is desirable to provide such beams with improved structures for converting such beams to such columns. As well, it is frequently desirable to provide additional capacity in such units for holding items other than by positioning on the shelves themselves. Additionally, it is desired to provide for vertical adjustability of shelf unit accessories providing such additional capacity.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

To these ends, a preferred embodiment of the invention includes an improved support column for a shelving unit with provisions for adjustably mounting shelf-supporting beams and accessories, such as a removable, adjustable, hook accessory for hanging items for storage or display, other than on the shelves of the unit.

Accordingly, an improved support column according to a preferred embodiment of the invention includes a plurality of perforations or apertures in the column face and which operably accommodate end brackets of a horizontal shelf-supporting beam as well as removable accessories, such as hooks which cooperate with the apertures.

Each perforation in the column is defined by a plurality of edges which define tapered support surfaces for cooperating with beam end brackets to adjustably mount the brackets in position up and down the columns. Transverse edges of the perforations or apertures are preferably bent or curved to support a bracket component of an accessory such as a hook. Both the beam-end bracket and the hook bracket interface with two adjacent, vertically-spaced, apertures in the column for securely holding them in a selected vertical position on the column.

Preferably the perforations are symmetrical on the column face, and centrally disposed therein so a column can be used on both right and left sides of the shelving unit with all columns in the unit (typically four of them) preferably identical.

The beam-end brackets are each angular or L-shaped, with one leg welded or affixed to the beam, and the other leg for lying adjacent to or on the column face over at least part of the column aperture. This other bracket leg preferably has tabs for extending into and engaging a tapered edge of each of two column apertures, one above the other, to hold the bracket and its fixed beam in a fixed, but removable position at selected vertical positions on the column.

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The hook bracket has extensions, one fitting over a curved portion of an upper aperture on the column and another over a similar curved portion of a next lower aperture for securing the hook in the column face at a selected vertical position. A tab, upwardly extending from the hook bracket, engages a rear side of the column face at the upper aperture to facilitate mounting and holding the hook and accessory thereon.

Other accessories, similarly mountable to the columns, and other than hooks, are contemplated.

Accordingly, the invention provides a shelving unit having vertically adjustable shelf-supporting beams, as well as vertically adjustable accessories, both mountable on a supporting column at variable, selected, vertical positions. Improved perforation on the faces of the columns facilitates both beam and accessory mounting.

These and other objectives and advantages will become readily apparent from the following detailed description of a preferred embodiment of the invention and from the drawings in which:

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a front isometric view of the overall shelving unit of the invention;

FIG. 2 is a front isometric view of a column of the invention;

FIG. 3 is a front isometric view of a horizontal shelf-supporting beam of the invention;

FIG. 4 is a fragmentary isometric cross-sectional view generally taken along lines 4-4 of FIG. 3;

FIG. 5 is a rear isometric view of the fragmentary isometric cross-sectional view of FIG. 4;

FIG. 6 is an enlarged isometric view of the encircled area of FIG. 1;

FIG. 7 is a front partial view of the beam and post of FIG. 6;

FIG. 8 is a rear view of the partial beam and post of FIG. 7;

FIG. 9 is a cross-sectional view taken along lines 9-9 of FIG. 8;

FIG. 10 is a front isometric view of a hook accessory spaced from a column shown in partial view;

FIG. 11 is an isometric view as in FIG. 10, but showing the hook accessory mounted to the column;

FIG. 12 is a cross-sectional view taken along lines 12-12 of FIG. 11 but showing the respectively rotated hook accessory being partially mounted to a column; and

FIG. 13 is a view similar to FIG. 12 but showing the hook accessory mounted to the column.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Turning now to the drawings, there is shown in FIG. 1 an isometric view of a dual function shelf unit 10 according to one embodiment of the invention. Shelf unit 10 includes four vertical support columns 11-14, a plurality of horizontal shelf-supporting beams 15-22, a plurality of shelves 23-26 which are shown as wire-formed shelves but could be in other wire patterns, of solid material, of grate or other patterns or of any suitable shelf configuration, each supported by one of beams 15-18 and one of beams 19-22, respectively.

A plurality of horizontal braces 27-30 extend between respective columns 12, 13 and 11-14 as shown, as well as a plurality of slanted braces 31, 32 as shown.

Optionally, a plurality of preferably identical tie bars **33**, **34**, **35** extend between respective ones of the front beams **15-18** and rear beams **19-22** to support shelves **23-26** respectively, these bars **33-35** extending respectively under each shelf and supported on the respective horizontal beams, particularly on flange **78** (see FIGS. 4-6).

A column **12** is illustrated in FIG. 2, column **12** being preferably identical to columns **11**, **13**, **14** and thus only one being described in detail, each with preferably like parts. Identical construction allows a column to be used at any corner position in unit **10**.

Columns **11-14** are in a C-shaped cross-sectional configuration (see also FIGS. 6, 7, 8, 10-13). Each column thus has a face **40**, a plurality of symmetrical apertures **42** in the face **40**, and a plurality of rectangularly-shaped apertures **44** in each leg **46**, **48**. Each leg terminates along its legs **46-48** with its flanges **50**, **52** completing configuration of column **12** (see FIGS. 2, 6 and 9, for example).

Details of apertures **42** are perhaps best seen in FIGS. 6-13. Referring first to FIG. 6, each aperture **42** is preferably identical to each other aperture **42** in the respective columns. Each aperture **42** is oriented one above the other in the columns, equally spaced vertically and aligned centrally and symmetrically in column face **40**, as shown. Each aperture is defined in part by edges **54**, **56**, tapering or inclined from a bottom edge **58**, **60** upwardly and outwardly in face **40** to upper edges **62**, **64**.

A curved tab **66** extends upwardly between bottom edges **58**, **60** and is turned or curved inwardly from face **40**. A second tab **68** extends downwardly as part of face **40** between edges **54**, **56** and has an inwardly curved tab end **70**, as shown.

Tapering or inclined edges **54**, **56** may be continuously straight, or may define slightly different angles, such as at breaks **72**, **74** as illustrated in FIG. 6 such that upper regions of edges **54**, **56** incline outwardly in face **40** at a slightly greater angle than lower regions of those edges to facilitate initial bracket engagement.

Horizontal beams **15-22** are, like columns **11-14**, each preferably identical to each other so they can be interchangeably used in shelf unit **10**. Only one exemplary beam **17** will be described in detail.

With initial reference to FIGS. 3-5, an elongated shelf support beam **17** includes a preferably embossed face **76**, having a plurality of outstanding ornamental projections **77** of any suitable form embossed, pressed from or otherwise defined in face **76**.

Beam **17** is defined by a lower, rearwardly extending flange **78**, a first rearward extending upper flange **79**, a return **80** and a final rearwardly extending shelf-supporting flange **81**. Other beam configurations may be used but this beam provides both shelf-supporting flange **81** and lower, tie-bar supporting flange **78** as will be described.

To an end of beam **17** is welded (or otherwise fixed) an L-shaped bracket **82** having a rearwardly extending leg **83** and a front leg **84**. A bracket **82a**, which is essentially a mirror image and otherwise identical to bracket **82**, is fixed to the other end of beam **17** and is otherwise similar to the bracket **82**. Similar parts of the respective brackets are numbered with a suffix "a". Legs or faces **84**, **84a** of brackets **82**, **82a** are provided with punched-out upper and lower locking tabs **87**, **88**, **87a**, **88a** formed at an angle in leg **84**, **84a**, respectively (FIGS. 4, 5). As will be described, these tabs serve to engage and interface with inclined edges **54** of adjacent apertures **42** (see FIGS. 8, 9) holding and locking the brackets **82** to column **12**. Similar tabs **87a**, **88a** will engage and interfere in similar fashion with inclined edge **56**

of apertures **42** in another column **11** at the other end of the beam to hold and lock the bracket **82a** and beam **17** to that column **11**.

FIGS. 6-8 further illustrate the interconnected relationship of a beam **17** to a column **12**. The other beam end is supported and locked such as on a column **11** by a bracket **82a** operational in a similar fashion.

In FIG. 6, bracket **82**, via tabs **87**, **88** is locked onto column **12**. For example, the beam **17** and its fixed bracket are oriented proximate vertically adjacent apertures **42** in column **12**, with tabs **87**, **88** initially proximate upper ends of apertures **42** so the tabs can be inserted into the apertures. When leg **82** is against face **40**, the bracket (and beam) is moved downwardly, tabs **87**, **88** engaging and fitting around inclined edges **54** in the respective apertures. The distance between tabs **87**, **88** and the leg **82** of the bracket causes, as the bracket moves downwardly, the tabs **87**, **88** and leg **84** to be frictionally wedged onto column **12**, the engagement of respective tabs **87**, **88** with edges **54** providing frictional, locking engagement of bracket **82** and beam **17** to column **12**. Similar complementary action of tabs **87a** and **88a** with inclined edges **56** of vertically-adjacent apertures **42** in column **11** secures the other end of the beam in vertically-coordinated position so the beam **17** is horizontally supported across and between columns **11** and **12** as described.

The vertical locations of the beams **15-22** can be set on the columns as desired to provide the eventually desired spacing between any shelves as described in unit **10**.

It will be further appreciated that the frictional interface between two respective apertures **42** in each column, and the single complimentary brackets at each end of the beam strengthens and rigidifies any tendency of the columns connected by the beams to "rack", move or tilt toward or away from one another, resulting in a very strong, rigid unit **10** construction. This benefit is, in part, also provided by the engagement of the inner faces of legs **83**, **84** with the respective leg **46** and face **40** of column **12** as well as tabs **87**, **88** and inclined aperture edge **54**. Complementary engagement of complementary parts of bracket and column at the other beam end provide the same result.

Accordingly, it will be appreciated that a shelf unit **10**, as described above, provides a rigid shelving function for a variety of applications.

In a further embodiment of the invention, a further support function is provided by the addition of an accessory which provides a further article support or hanging function shelving unit **10**.

This additional embodiment is illustrated in FIGS. 10-13 of the drawings, wherein an accessory hook **90** is provided for use on a column, such as a column **12** as described above. In FIG. 10, hook accessory **90** includes a hook member **91** preferably rigidly-mounted at shank **91a** to a hook bracket **92**. Bracket **92** includes a face surface **93**, a lower flange **94** with a depending tab **95**, and upper flange **96** with a downwardly depending tab **97**, and an upwardly extending locking tab **98**.

FIG. 10 illustrates a column **12** and a hook accessory **90**, not yet assembled and FIG. 11 illustrates a hook accessory **90** attached to a column **12**. In FIG. 11, it is noted that flanges **94** and **96** of hook accessory **90** rest on the curved tabs **66** respectively of vertically-oriented adjacent apertures **42** in face **40** of column **12**. Tabs **97**, **95** prevent hook accessory **90** from being pulled outwardly, away from column **12**. Locking tab **98** prevents removal of hook accessory **90** horizontally and forwardly of column **12** since it engages or is in close blocking proximity to curved end **70** of tab **68** if moved directly forwardly.

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Referring to FIGS. 12 and 13, FIG. 12 illustrates the preferred motion for attaching accessory hook 90 to a column such as 12. In use, the upper end of hook 90 is inserted into an upper aperture 42, tab 98 extending therein below, then behind end 70 of tab 68 in the aperture. Once the upper end of accessory hook 90 is extended into upper aperture 42, the lower end of bracket 92 can be rotated into a lower aperture 42 and then bracket 92 lowered so tabs 97, 95 are locked behind the curved tab ends 66, respectively of the vertically-adjacent apertures as in the cross-sectional view of FIG. 13.

Hook accessory 90 is thus removably but securely mounted at selected vertical positions up and down column 11, 12 and others, providing for additionally supporting functions for a variety of items on shelving unit 10. In this embodiment, the hooks can be selectively spaced along the entire lengths of the columns excepting at the same position of the brackets 82, 82a on the columns for the horizontal shelf-supporting beams.

Vertically-adjustable storage is thus not limited to the shelves only but includes the additional function of hanging items suitably on vertically-adjustable hooks.

It will be appreciated that other storage or hanging accessories can be similarly attached to the columns to provide additional hanging or storage functions.

What is claimed is:

1. In a vertical column apparatus for use in a shelf unit, a column, a plurality of apertures in a face of said column, said apertures each defined in said face in part by upwardly and outwardly inclined opposed edges, said opposed edges respectively separated at top ends thereof by a depending first tab therebetween defined in said face and at lower ends

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by an upstanding second tab, oriented therebetween, and defined in said face, wherein each of said first and second tabs have a free distal end and said respective free distal ends of each of said tabs are curved in a direction inwardly of said face.

2. In a vertical column apparatus as in claim 1, wherein said column comprises a C-shaped configuration in cross-section having two legs and portions of said face oriented therebetween, said apertures aligned centrally in said face portion, said tabs in said apertures aligned centrally in said face, and oriented one above another.

3. In a vertical column apparatus for use in a shelf unit, a column, a plurality of apertures in a face of said column, said apertures each defined in said face in part by upwardly and outwardly inclined opposed edges, said edges respectively separated at top ends thereof by a depending first tab therebetween defined in said face and at lower ends by an upstanding second tab, oriented therebetween, and defined in said face, wherein said apertures are oriented one above the other, and further including in combination therewith at least one hook apparatus including a bracket having respective upper and lower flanges engaging respective second tabs of respective vertically-spaced apertures.

4. In a vertical column apparatus as in claim 3 further including a tab extending downwardly from each said flange.

5. In a vertical column apparatus as in claim 4 further including a locking tab extending upwardly from said upper flange.

6. In a vertical column apparatus as in claim 5, wherein said locking tab is engageable with said first tab.

* * * * *